

THE FARM.

Influence of Food on Milk.

The effects of food on the richness of the milk are not so easily detected but the effect upon the quality of the milk and but to a slight extent upon the quantity should be carefully considered and provided for by the best possible selection of dry provender for winter use and the grasses and lands for summer pasturage. A trial carried out last year on the Ontario College Experimental Farm, and recorded in the annual report, has an important bearing upon the vexed question of the effect of a cow's food upon the richness of her milk. There were two trials, but it is necessary to refer to one only, as the conditions under which it was carried on were far more distinctive than those of the other. Eight cows were fed for a month on pasture and one pound of oat each given simply to induce them to enter into their stalls; for a second month on pasture and one pound each of bran, peas and wheat during the first week, double quantities in the second, and treble in the third and fourth weeks; and, lastly, for a fortnight on pasture and all the green grass and oats they liked to eat.

Now, in the conclusions derived from the results it is said that there was practically no difference in the proportions of butter fat in the milk given by the cows in the first and second periods, and, taking the periods in their entirety, that is true; but it would be quite a mistake to suppose that this proves that the food made no difference to the quality of the milk and it is strange that the writer of the report did not notice the striking difference which we will mention. In the first place, the cows had been in their winter quarters, in sheds all the end of May, when they were first turned out to the pasture getting one pound of bran each a day. Before they were turned out the average percentage of butter fat in their milk was 3.51; whereas for the first week on the pasture, it was 3.22, with a considerable increase in the second week.

Here we have a clear demonstration of food making a difference to the richness of milk. This surprised the manager of the experiments, who was prepared for the increased flow of milk, but not for the increase in butter fat. But this is not the first trial in which it has been shown that good pasture produces richer milk than corn. As to the lack of appreciable difference in the quality of the milk in the next two months, it is clearly explained by statements made, though the explanation is not recognized. It is stated that dry weather and consequent poor pasturage caused the quantity of milk to shrink during the second month, period, when the cows had been daily increasing supply of corn. No doubt the most nutritious grasses were eaten bare before the second month began, and the corn barely made up for the loss. Yet, in spite of the pasture getting worse and worse, the richness of the milk increased slightly with the increase of corn, the average percentage of fat being 3.82 for the last week of the second period, as compared with 3.62 for the first.

Again, in the last fortnight of the trial, when the cows had been fed on green grass and they liked to eat, still running on the pasture, the average percentage of butter fat increased from 3.82 to 4.01. Comparing the results in the last period of the first week of the second period (when the cows had poor pasture and little corn), the increase is from 3.62 to 4.01. But the most striking difference is that first mentioned. The cows before being turned out had been getting one bushel of roots, twenty pounds of hay, four pounds of wheat and four pounds of bran each per day, and the average percentage of fat in their milk during the last week as stated above, was 3.51, but they did so much better on the fresh herbage of the pasture, probably not much inferior to the winter trial, that while getting only a pound of corn each in addition, their milk became richer as well as more abundant, the percentage of fat being 4.01. Seeing that the trials made in a previous year at the Ontario College were made to a great extent as having indicated that food made no difference to the richness of milk, it is important to notice the latest evidence from that source.

has ever been given credit for. For feeding hay & pointed rack is employed, journaled at a convenient point above the manger, the rack being tilted to discharge its load by the release of a catch on a weighted oscillating shaft, which has crank extending into the path of a releasing and locking bar held in a case operated by the electric mechanism, a number of racks being preferably arranged in series and operated by one locking bar and bar. The grain is fed to the manger in a similar way from compartments, each adapted to contain grain enough for one animal, any number of such compartments being provided. Leading from the bottom of each compartment is a discharge pipe, the slide covering the opening to which is connected with a shaft actuated by a bar from a locking and releasing bar. The water is also similarly supplied from a tank arranged at a suitable elevation, the valve being controlled by a lever actuated by the locking and releasing mechanism. Each locking and releasing bar has a similar mechanism, and each locking bar has an automatic switch adapted to shut off or switch the current from one locking bar to the next, so that the hay, grain, and water-supplying mechanisms may be operated in succession. Any circuit-closing clock may be used.

MR. TROTWOOD'S VACCINATION.

He Carefully and Skillfully Vaccinated Himself With Petunia Seeds.

The humorous aspect of vaccination always impresses people who are not vaccinated much more keenly and agreeably than it does those who are vaccinated. But in a case which actually occurred last spring in the environs of a great city in which a "smallpox scare" was proceeding, the victim of the operation was able, before all was done, to see the humorous side of it. It was a very peculiar case—so peculiar that undoubtedly it never happened before and never will happen again.

Mr. Trotwood, who lives in a suburb a few miles out of the city, is a thrifty though not a penurious man, and likes to do with his own hands what he can do as well as not. He was sure that he could vaccinate himself. So he bought a small quantity of vaccine matter of the best guaranteed quality, took it home, and before he retired that night vaccinated himself on the left arm.

After making he remarked casually to his family at the breakfast-table, as he reached around usually toward his left arm, "I vaccinated myself last night, and by George, it's taking too!"

"Vaccinated yourself?"

"Certainly I did. Simplest thing in the world. Did it just exactly as well as a doctor could do it."

Mr. Trotwood's family were all admiring. But before he was away for the day Mrs. Trotwood, who was sitting at the breakfast-table, happened to go to the bathroom, found upon the shelf there an apothecary's envelope, marked "vaccine matter," which was sealed, and had evidently never been opened.

She went to her husband and said, "Peter, what did you have your vaccine matter in?"

"Why, in an envelope. I got it at the drug store in town and brought it out, opened the envelope, and used what I needed."

"But this envelope has not been opened as it is!"

Mr. Trotwood was greatly perplexed.

"Why," said he, "I certainly—"

At this juncture Mrs. Trotwood burst into a hearty laugh, and produced another little white envelope, which had been opened from the near vicinity of the other on the shelf.

"Peter Trotwood," she exclaimed, "I'll tell you what you've done. You've been vaccinated yourself with my petunia seeds!"

It was true. Mr. Trotwood had taken the wrong envelope, and had carefully and skillfully vaccinated himself with petunia seeds, and he was sure it was "petunia."

He saw the humor of the situation, and laughed as heartily as any member of the family.

HISTORICAL LIES.

There was probably no such man as Romulus. The first historian who mentions him lived at a distance of time so great as to throw extreme discredit on the story as told by him.

Alexander the great did not weep for other worlds to conquer. There is reason to suspect that his army met with a serious reverse in India, a fact that induced him to retract his boasts.

The crew of Le Vengeur, the famous French ship sunk by an English man-of-war, did not cry "Vive la Republique!" They howled for help, and the English boats were sent to their assistance.

The immense burning glasses with which Archimedes burned the ships of the designers of Syracuse at ten miles distance were never manufactured and it is now known that they could not have existed.

Pitt did not use the expression, "The glorious crime of being a young man." He said, "I am a young man, and I am glorious."

Worshippers are not crushed by hundreds under the wheels of the car of Juggernaut. The car has not been taken out of the temple for many years, and such deaths as formerly occurred were exceptional or accidental.

Spraying Fruit Trees.

Decidedly beneficial results have been obtained from spraying apple trees for two purposes—to prevent the black rot or apple scab, and to destroy the codling moth larva. For codling worms, one pound of paris green to 320 gallons of water is sufficiently strong using a pure article of green. The benefit from a single spraying about June 25, reduced the wormy apples 50 per cent. The cost was merely nominal. It took about three gallons of liquid to a tree of size to bear 10 bushels of fruit. A spraying apparatus costs about \$10 and requires two men to drive the horse, pull the break and direct the spray. A stronger application would be necessary to kill the codling worms. Spraying for the apple scab was equally effective but calls for different treatment. This is a fungus disease and disseminated by spores, which in countless numbers infect the trunk and branches of the trees when made of foliage, and later the leaves and fruit. Spraying the trees before the leaves put out in spring, and once or twice afterwards, with carbolic acid prepared according to a bulletin sent out by the Massachusetts experiment station, had a wonderful effect in preventing the effect of the disease upon the fruit.

Regard for the Unties.

Servant—"Please, mum, Mrs. Noddy wants you to lend her some reading matter suitable for a sick person."

Mistress—"Certainly. Give her these medical almanacs."

ROUND THE WHOLE WORLD.

WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE GLOBE.

Old and New World Events of Interest Chronologically Briefly-Interesting Snapshots of Recent Days.

Cotton grows wild in India. Omnibuses with pneumatic tires are being tested in Glasgow.

Twelve thousand tons of fruit were consumed in London last year.

The Queen of Italy is very clever at improvising tunes on the piano.

All the world over there are ninety-eight women to one hundred men.

Fully one-third of the female population of France are laborers on farms.

The annual commerce of the British colonies amounts to \$448,000,000.

There are restaurants in Berlin where horseflesh is the only meat served.

The only remains of the splendid French possessions in India are five towns.

Whopping every thousand destroys about 250 lives in 10,000 in England.

The alcohol monopoly in Italy will yield the Government an annual revenue of \$9,300,000.

Charitable societies are to be organized in France to aid convicts whose terms have expired.

In England over \$1,000,000 worth of medicine is annually distributed gratis at the dispensaries.

The charity schools of Great Britain are maintained at an annual expenditure of \$4,500,000.

Home is to be illuminated by electricity generated twenty miles away by a cascade on the Tiber.

Prince Bismarck, it is said, would rather have a sure cure for rheumatism than all the titles in Europe.

Gold to the amount of \$350 was recently collected from the soot of the chimney in the London mine.

It is said that Mr. Gladstone will devote much of his leisure time hereafter to a new translation of Horace.

They are working hard against the docking of horses' tails in London, and are finding offenders rife and left.

In Japan the currency is on a silver basis, with the result that \$100 in gold is worth \$218 in money of the realm.

The marriage rate in England and Wales during the last quarter of last year was lower than in any previous like period.

Under a law recently put in force in France only physicians holding a diploma are allowed to use the title "Doctor."

The largest oil painting in the world is by Tintoretto entitled "Paradise." It is 33 feet in height and 84 feet in width.

Mrs. Cullison, the widow and the sister of a well-known English jockey, is said to be the only woman trainer of race horses.

The finest tomb in Great Britain is that of the Duke of Hamilton on the grounds of Hamilton Palace. It cost £180,000.

Signor Giolitti, an Italian deputy, wants to straighten the national finances of that country by imposing a tax on beads.

Henrik Ibsen, who is now 67 years of age, was an apothecary's clerk in Skien, Norway, when he wrote his first play.

The Sultan has a right royal terror of small-pox, and he is very particular to have the household thoroughly vaccinated.

The late Mr. Edward Stanhope bequeathed his estate to his wife, with Col. Egerton (his brother) and Earl Stanhope as trustees.

Anton Rubinstein has decided to retire from public life. He is disgusted with the manner in which his works have been received.

One thousand and sixty persons were killed in coal mines in Great Britain during last year and sixty-five persons in metalliferous mines.

The ex-Empress Eugenie of France is the godmother of 3,351 French children who were born on March 15, 1895, the day of the birth of her son.

The King of Italy has conferred upon Professor Virchow, the famous German surgeon, the grand cross of the Order of St. Maurice and Lazarus.

Ginzeppo de Felice, a member of the Italian parliament, was sentenced to eighteen years' solitary confinement for having incited disturbance in Sicily.

The latest statistics give the number of Roman Catholics in the world as 238,806,633; Protestants, 143,237,025; Greek Catholics, 98,016,000.

What will be the largest bucket-hopper dredger in the world is now building in Scotland. It is to be used in the work of deepening the Danube.

The Prime Minister of Malagascia has just been sentenced to penal servitude for life for having talked politics in an offensive way to Prince Rakomana.

There are fifty-five towns and cities in England which destroy their garbage and solid refuse by burning, and 570 furnaces are employed for the purpose.

The Austrian poor law gives every man one-third of the amount per day which he had earned during his working hours.

The bones of the whales that the German Kaiser slaughtered in the North Sea last summer are to be turned into furniture for the Norwegian bathhouse, at Potsdam.

Lord Percy Douglas, son of the Marquis of Queensbury, has been varying the monotony of picking up dog-nuggets in Australia by acting as referee at prize fights.

Someone who has figured on the work done at Pompeii since 1872, says that it will take until 1947 to unearth the entire ruins, with eighty-five men working every day.

At de Contouille, the new French Ambassador at Munich, owing his rise to the friendship of the Prince of Wales, who knew him when he was a newspaper reporter.

The Duke of Parma, father of the Princess of Bulgaria, is the prince who can boast of the most children among the princes of Europe. He has ten daughters and five sons, all living.

There are four round churches in England, Northumberland possesses one; Little Malton, in Essex, another; the Temple church, London, is the third, and Holy Sepulchre, Cambridge, is the fourth.

The Government of Mexico exacts a tax of \$25 on every corpse that is taken from the country. An American lady recently died there and it cost the relatives \$15 to get the remains back to her native land.

In England the successful lawyer makes from \$7,000 to \$100,000 a year, and the unsuccessful physician \$80,000 to \$100,000; the average barrister and medical man do not make more than \$1,200 a year.

Dr. Ernest Hart, of the British Medical Journal, declares that cholera will become extinct in the next thirty years because of the rapid advance of sanitary science.

Two lady members of the English Presbyterian church have offered a site and £20,000 sterling for building purposes if the Theological College of the English Presbyterian church be removed from London to Cambridge.

The Hungarian Government has commissioned the painter Munkacsy to paint a picture representing the appeal of Maria Theresa to her subjects in 1741, when her country was menaced by Frederick the Great.

The British War Office is considering a proposition that all soldiers should be instructed in elements of anatomy and physiology in order that they might be able to immediately stop the flow of blood from a leading artery.

HIS DOUBLE.

The Singular Sequel to a Hanging For a Brutal Crime.

"I am not a believer in ghosts, reincarnations, or the supernatural in any shape, but I had a singular experience some years ago, which I have never been able to account for satisfactorily," said J. P. Lacroix, of Montreal. "I was second mate of a merchant ship in 1882. Among the crew was a tough customer named Lander, always in trouble. He had a frightful scar, extending from brow to chin, the result of a dock fight. He had a bullet wound which had taken away the head of his right ear, besides a peculiar protuberance, like a wen on his forehead. I would take my oath there was not another man alive marked just like him."

"At the end of that voyage Lander killed his wife and cut his own throat. He severed the windpipe, but he recovered. The wound in his throat healed, but left a hole, which he had to cover with his hand when he spoke. He breathed through a silver tube. He was tried and convicted, and, happening to be in port, I was present at the hanging and saw the body buried. In 1890 I was on the gold coast of Africa. Ashore one day I came across a man looking strangely familiar, and I started with surprise when I saw him place his hand over his throat when giving some orders. Going closer I saw the scar, the silver tube and every feature and characteristic of the man I saw hanged and buried. I got into conversation with him. He said his name was Daniel. He was unable to tell how he came by the wound in his throat, ear and face. He said he must have had a long illness."

"He remembered being in a hospital, he said, but it was like a dream, and he had no recollection of his life before that. He said he remembered, while still ill, taking a long voyage, he didn't know where from, until he had landed where I met him. He told me my face looked like one he had seen in a dream, but he knew he had never seen me before. How do I account for that? I am only telling the facts. I don't know whether Daniel was Lander come to life again, or a reincarnation of him. Maybe Lander's neck was not broken, and some scientific chap was experimenting on him with a battery. All I know is that two men possibly, or perhaps one man, exactly the same way. If it was Lander he was greatly benefited by the change, as on inquiry I found he bore a splendid reputation as a quiet, law-abiding, peaceable citizen."

CROWNED HEADS IN DANGER.

The Extraordinary Precautions Taken to Guard the Lives of Emperor William and the Czar.

There are fashions in everything, including the protection of prominent persons when they are on parade. The most recent regulation concerning the protection of life in Europe is that of Kaiser William. Some time ago there was a good deal of socialist agitation in Berlin, and it was claimed that the Anarchists would attempt to throw a bomb at the Emperor as he drove through the city on his way to a review. The route of the carriage was lined with policemen, and back of them was the customary mob of eighteenth, on either side of the way. The Kaiser gave orders that as the royal coach approached, the police who had heretofore always stood with their backs to the crowd, so as to salute the celebrities as they passed, they should turn their backs to the street, face the mob, and step back two paces from the front line of the crowd. It was further ordered that the crowd should be kept back on the sidewalks, so that the carriage would be at some distance from the line of eighteenth on either side. These orders were carried out, and they appealed so strongly to the Russian Ambassador that he communicated them to St. Petersburg, and they have now been adopted by the Russian police. By keeping the crowd well back from the carriage, considerable motion was made necessary on the part of an Anarchist to throw a bomb successfully, and as the police were numerous, his actions would be seen by one of the guards, if these precautions were at all wide awake. The Russian police, in addition to adopting these measures, absolutely surrounded the carriage of the Emperor with horsemen.

INTENDED TO STAB THE GUARD.

Two Central Prison Convicts Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

There was trouble between the guards and two convicts at the Central Prison, Toronto, Wednesday afternoon, and as a result the two convicts were brought up to the Police Court charged with assault, Charles Jones, a colored man with a fiery red head, from Windsor, pleaded guilty of striking Guard Clancy with his fist. When Jones was searched after his arraignment, a knife was found on him which he said he had obtained to "do up" Clancy. Jones is a bad man. He is 24 years of age and has served 14 years in prison in the States and Canada. He admitted in court he intended to stab Clancy. He was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years, to commence at the expiration of his present sentence of 18 months next May. Then Charles Jesters, another convict serving a sentence of 12 months from Sandwich, pleaded guilty of striking Cook Sangster. Sangster stated he was struck several times, one of his teeth being knocked out and others loosened. Jesters also kicked at him. This convict is said to be a half-brother of the colored man Jones, and is connected with the worst of the two. He was also sent to Kingston for two years after his sentence at the Central is served.

Sibilant Silliness.

Sweet Sarah Sawyer's sickly sister Susan at singing sweetly. Squire Samson Seaward's son Sam strolled, smoking, sorrowfully seeking sweet Susan. Suddenly Susan sitting singing, Sam strolled slowly, stealing sandwiches, sneaking Sarah. Susan, starting, screamed, "Sam, stop stealing sandwiches; seek some stale sandwiches!"

Sam seized several, swallowed seven, sank slowly sighing, "So sassa!"

Sweet Sarah sang sweetly. Seeing Sam so sassa she said, "Sister Susan, sprinkle some sassa, singing sweet songs." "Sam survives," spoke Susan. She sobbed silently. Sam said, "Susan, stop sobbing."

She stopped, shivered, sneezed suddenly—so suddenly Sam shuddered. "What startled, Susan said, "Sweet Sam, sing some sassa Sunday-school songs."

Sam sang successfully.

The Electric Light

Is a matter of small importance compared with other applications of electricity. By this agency Poulsen's Nervine is made to penetrate the most remote nerve—every bone, muscle and ligament is made to feel its beneficent power. Nervine, pleasant to take, even by the youngest child, yet so powerfully far reaching in its work, that the most agonizing internal pains yield as if by magic. Nervine is a most reliable remedy for the most distressing cases of nerve pain and for the speedy cure of nerve pains of every description. It has no equal. Sold every where.

Large as a Dollar

Wrote the scrofula song on my poor little boy, sickening and disgusting. They were especially bad when he came out of his legs, back of his ears and on his head. His hair was so matted that combing was sometimes impossible. His legs were so bad that he could not sit down, and when he tried to walk his legs would crack open and the blood start. Physicians did not effect a cure. I decided to give him Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two weeks the scrofula disappeared. He came out of his legs, back of his ears and on his head. His hair was so matted that combing was sometimes impossible. His legs were so bad that he could not sit down, and when he tried to walk his legs would crack open and the blood start. Physicians did not effect a cure. I decided to give him Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two weeks the scrofula disappeared. He came out of his legs, back of his ears and on his head. His hair was so matted that combing was sometimes impossible. 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The Week's News AT HOME AND ABROAD.

—Tropical weather.
—Who pounced the owl to death?
—Mr. W. G. Neelands, Regina, spent a few days in town last week.
—Mrs. Dixon and Miss Guest, Grenfell, are visiting at Mr. R. Johnston's.
—Sir Wm. Van Horn's special from the west passed through Qu'Appelle on Monday at 2:15 p.m.
—The Rev. Mr. Bant, Methodist minister, preached his introductory sermon on Sunday evening.
—W. Crawley Ricardo, Esq., of Calgary, arrived in town on Wednesday morning from the west.
—At Moosemin, on Tuesday, Dick French won the free-for-all, and A. McIntosh's Dan J. the three minute trot.
—Miss Travis and Miss Adley Travis, sisters of Mr. Fred Travis, station agent, Eldon, are the guests of Mr. W. Broley.
—Wm. Sutherland, Esq., M.L.A., was in town on Wednesday to meet his mother, Mrs. Sutherland, of Ottawa, who came in on the morning train.
—On Sunday next Mr. A. T. Robinson, P.A., pastor of the Baptist church here, exchanges pulpits with Mr. Hugh Saunders, missionary of that denomination in Grenfell. The usual services will be held in Mr. Lane's Hall.
—We hear that Mr. Kurns, whose previous election as Councilor (but Qu'Appelle Municipal Council) was declared void, has again headed the poll in the election just held. As another protest has been made, his election has not yet been declared.
—Clara Carson, of section 30, Township 10, Range 15, west of 2nd meridian, was tried on Monday last before Messrs. Gibson and Boyce, J.P.s, for maliciously breaking the moving machine of Mr. Colin McLean, and had to pay \$25.00 in fine and costs, or two months' hard labor at Regina. The fine was paid.
—The new C.P.R. station is nearly completed. The plasterers are now at work, and all that remains to be done is the inside fittings and painting. The building is a great improvement on the old one, still we cannot help thinking that the C.P.R. have made a mistake in not having erected either a brick or stone building.
—The Orange picnic at the Plois, Pike Route, on Thursday, 12th July, was a great success. It was attended by members of the Orange order from Melton, Devon, Balgonie and Regina. Everything passed off harmoniously. Dancing took place in the evening, and was continued until early morning. During the day, a tag of war took place—Regina vs. all comers—which was won by the latter.
—The attention of all interested is drawn to the notice in another column of a meeting to be held in the Council Chamber, on the afternoon of August 1st, in the endeavor to have a Government agency established in this place. It is to be hoped that there will be a good attendance. If the farmers themselves are too indolent to move in the matter, they cannot expect either the Government or the C.P.R. to do so.
—As our readers probably are aware, whiskey in Ireland is very generally known as "John Jamison," from the celebrated firm of distillers of that name. Not long ago, the present Mr. Jamison was visiting Kilmarnock, and, when informing the head waiter as to his name, was met with the delighted rejoinder, "Bedad, sorr, and is it yourself that are talking to us to think of shud see yez at last, while we've leend the gintlemen curse the name as yez iver maintain this forty year."

—The union picnic takes place to-morrow (Friday), at the Syndicate Farm.
—Mrs. Cullen and family, of Moose Jaw, arrived on Tuesday morning on a visit.
—Mr. E. Wharton, of Grenfell, who has been spending several days in town, left on Monday morning.
—The Patrons' picnic at the Antelope Springs, Boggy Creek, July 6th, was largely attended. The place chosen was a suitable one. Mr. James Bole, County President, presided. A booth about 100 feet long and 30 wide had been erected. It was well decorated and well shaded with boughs. At one end was a platform for speakers, and at the other a refreshment stand, where there were many busy waiters. As everything in it was disposed of at patrons' prices it was liberally patronized, and a good sum was realized. The principal speakers were Mr. J. Robertson, Mr. J. Nicholls, Fort Qu'Appelle; Mr. J. K. McInnis, and Mr. J. J. M.L.A. After the speeches were over, a dance was organized and was kept up until midnight.
—One of the most laughable events of the day (at Whitehead) was during the farmers' trot. The horses came up abreast to the wire, and made an excellent start; round the half mile track they went, Black Jack leading, Pango next, and with Dan Hunter driving McGraw's horse a close third. As they passed under the wire, to everyone's surprise the bell rang out, and one of the judges cried, "Score up there, you men, score up, we can't wait here all night." When the judges were informed that the horses had already trotted a half mile, the lack of black astonishment upon their faces was a sight worth seeing as they mildly explained that they had been "otherwise engaged," and did not know the horses had started—Whitehead Herald.

—On Saturday morning last the inhabitants of the town were seriously alarmed by the report of firearms eight times in rapid succession. Many and curious were the surmises as to what was the cause of the fusillade. On enquiry the following facts were elicited. Mr. Bobt. May had a tame owl, which some time early on Saturday morning broke loose, going on a propelling tour on its own account, and happened to perch on the roof of a house near to a chicken roost. The lady proprietor of the roost, espousing Mr. Owl, at once concluded that he was there with evil deeds intent, valiantly seized a six shooter and discharged it at the manor with deadly intent, but with indifferent effect. A young gallant in the meantime had rushed to the lady's assistance, and seeing the empty weapon proceeded to reload it, and, pointing it at the offending owl, fired twice. Mr. Owl, still perched on the roof wondering what all the row was about, hopped down on to an empty box at their feet, the lady being rather excited by the heat of battle proceeded to dispatch Mr. Owl with a club. The alarmed inhabitants kept on the even tenor of their ways and Mr. May mourns the loss of his owl.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.
Reading of the thermometer in the week ending Tuesday, July 17th, 1895.
Maximum, Minimum.
Wednesday, July 11 70 45
Thursday, July 12 71 47
Friday, July 13 66 30
Saturday, July 14 91 51
Sunday, July 15 97 56
Monday, July 16 97 67
Tuesday, July 17 81 57
WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.
G.M. P.M. G.M. P.M.
Wednesday S.W. 10 17 S.W. 12
Thursday S.W. 4 8 S.W. 3
Friday S.W. 6 10 S.W. 8
Saturday S.W. 3 5 S.W. 6
Sunday S.W. 15 14 S.W. 10
Monday S.W. 12 12 S.W. 10
Tuesday S.W. 4 8 S.W. 2

HOTEL ARRIVALS.
QUEEN'S.
F. S. Kent, Avonhurst; W. Broley, Wild Awake; A. Leach, W. S. Paul, T. McLean, P. Boast, W. Collins, P. Parker, W. Robinson, J. McKenzie, E. Sample, G. Lloyd, B. Holden, Jacob Sherrick, Indian Head; H. Reemen, J. Grier, D. Dill, Wolsley; T. Graham, Sinter; D. McVicar, A. McVicar, J. Bain, F. Hayward, C. Hamilton, C. Thordson, Winnipeg; J. Bell, E. King, Davin; H. Powley, Waybourn; E. Matthews, Vancouver; J. Craig, Edgeley; W. E. Powley, Regina; R. Duke, Douglas Bruce, Eldora.

IRELAND.
W. S. Burns, K. McKenzie, T. B. Ness, F. A. Rees, H. Wilson, R. R. Scott, wife and child, J. A. Grundy, J. Maw, A. S. Binn, G. J. McGiffin, P. McCaffrey, Winnipeg; A. B. Thom, A. Dyson, R. S. Smith, J. R. North, E. W. Foster, D. McDonald, S. A. McDonald and wife, Misses McDonald (2), W. Sutherland, Fort Qu'Appelle; F. Nash, J. F. Barnett, T. A. Waldron, W. G. Neelands, T. C. Johnston, Chas. Henson, Regina; C. Gibson, Indian Head; W. C. Stewart, Brandon; W. C. Towers, Montreal; J. Maxwell, G. H. Macfarlane, E. W. Kamble, Toronto; W. G. Elworthy, Quebec; Collin McLean, Prairie View; F. A. G. Eichbaum, Mal-

vern, England; J. T. Dolan, Minnecota; C. Woodhouse, Leon Creek; W. Crawley Ricardo, Calgary; Mrs. Sutherland, Ottawa.

INDIAN HEAD.
A meeting of the Municipal Council was held on Wednesday.
The Presbyterian Sunday School will hold its annual picnic shortly. A meeting was held this week with a view of fixing upon a date and locality.
Among those who have an intention of visiting Winnipeg during exhibition week are Mr. J. Conn and wife, Mr. and Miss Lee, Mrs. Davidson, Messrs. Orchard, George and J. Balfour.
The Methodist denomination had some intention of building a place of worship this fall, but owing to the financial stringency and having concluded satisfactory arrangements in other direction as to holding divine service, building operations are postponed.
His Lordship the Bishop of the Diocese conducted the English Church service at the Town Hall on Sunday evening. On Tuesday His Lordship, accompanied by W. B. Sheppard and G. A. Cameron, chose and inspected a site for the new English church, which will be located on the south side of the track on the Alliance Farming Co.'s lands.
Another enterprise is to be started this week—a lumber yard with the usual accessories of every class of rough, planed and matched lumber, shingles, lath, door frames and window sash. The owner will be Mr. A. W. Sherwood, a gentleman widely known, whose shrewdness, tact and ability should assist him materially in the development of his new business.
It will be clearing news to the feminine portion of the community that a dressmaking establishment has been opened by Miss Morrison in E. J. Brock's store. This branch of business is a long felt want, and Miss Morrison should experience no lack of patronage, commencing work as she does with the determination to guarantee all work correct in style, perfect in taste and of good fit.
The privilege of inspecting the plans of the English church to be donated by Lord Bessy prepared by A. Cheterson, architect, Winnipeg, was extended to your correspondent by Mr. Cameron, contractor in whose possession they were left. The latter has been asked, among others, to make estimates with a view of tendering for the contract. The designs both interior and exterior of the proposed edifice are unique, and carried out faithfully in detail, Indian Head will have one of the handsomest churches in the Territories.
Last Wednesday a delegation from the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society, consisting of President Matheson, Messrs. Henney, J. Smith and others, attended the directors' meeting of the Indian Head Agricultural Society to discuss the feasibility of holding a union fall show. The matter was fully discussed. Questions as to the annual Legislative grant arising, it was finally decided that five delegates from each society should meet at Qu'Appelle on August 1st, when definite action could be taken.
An interesting game of baseball was played on the Indian Head grounds between the 1st and 2nd nines, last Saturday. For a time it looked as though the former (which has been victorious throughout the season with every outside club) would have to resign its honors in favor of the junior team. At the conclusion of the play the score stood nine to seven in favor of the seniors. The battery of the second nine, Geo. and Chas. Harvey, did excellent work. Each Saturday evening hereafter until the season ends a series of matches between the above teams will be played.
Miss Phelps, of St. Catharines, Ont., lecturer and organizer of the W.C.T.U., who occupies a prominent position in the lecture field in connection with the temperance movement, delivered an address in the Town Hall on Monday evening before a large and appreciative audience. Attractive in presence, communicating distinctly, and exercising a delightful choice of language, Miss Phelps from the start captivated her auditors, and as the lecture proceeded, no lack of interest seemed to be evinced. Adopting a conversational strain, the lecturer reasoned with ability, and proved by apt illustration the fallacy that prohibitive legislation was the sole factor in the solution of this national question, but rather the onus lay upon the Christian voter. A silver collection was taken up at the conclusion of the address.
HOLD-ALLS.—Commercial: F. Tate, W. D. Conan, Isarat D. Pao, Regina; Malcolm McLeod, Dan McLeod, Edmonton; W. S. Grant, Assiniboine Reserve; G. M. Anable, Moose Jaw; Joseph Zinkan, Fort Qu'Appelle; H. Ross, W. Flowers, H. C. R. Davis, Toronto; C. Collier, Windsor; S. G. Smith, R. Turcotte, Winnipeg.

THE SEASON'S CATTLE OUTLOOK.
Chicago advices are to the effect that the price of range cattle will be better this year than last, says the Benton River Press. Of late years so many Texas cattle have been marketed or driven north as to result in a shortage of Texans this year. Last year the big run of Texas cattle into the Chicago yards was instrumental in holding down the price of north-westerns, but this year that element will not figure so largely against Montana cattle. Of corn fed cattle, too, there will not be nearly the number for market this year that there were put on last year, for the reason that farm raised cattle were sold out close last year, and not nearly the number of feeders purchased as in former years. It is estimated that not more than 60 per cent. as many fed cattle will be on the market in 1894 as in former years. As against these conditions which should raise the price of range cattle in Chicago, are the adverse conditions of a distressed financial state—hard times, and the diminished demand caused by the inability of idle men to purchase but for themselves and families. These conditions will to a great extent prevent the price of cattle rising to where it otherwise would, but a full comparison of existing circumstances indicates a satisfactory price this summer for range cattle in the Chicago market.

CANADIAN OAKSMEN.
The Fall Mill Budget made a bold departure last week, giving the readers a wonderful sixty-two worth. Among the numerous literary and artistic features there is an account of two of the Canadian oaks, Messrs. J. J. Ryan and J. Wright. The article is accompanied by an excellent sketch of the oaksman, which is here produced.
"Mr. Ryan has been a sculler of note across the water for nine years past, and twice won the American championship. Mr. Ryan has held the junior American, and last year won the intermediate championship. In appearance and weight there is a considerable difference between the two men. Mr. Ryan has the build of an ideal sculler, weighing, when fit, about 105 lbs., stands 5ft. 10in., and offers a decided contrast to his partner, who weighs in racing trim 134 lbs., and stands 6ft. 2in. Only one boat has been brought over—the single sculler for Mr. Ryan, who is proud of having taken the craft 4,000 without its incurring any injury. She weighs 27lb., and is differently constructed to an English racing craft, having a full bow and stern, and not wearing so much of the knife appearance. Messrs. Wright and Ryan, we are told, have been greatly interested in the skill of scullers on the Thames and in the houseboats. Frank praise is given to English oaksman, and it is readily stated that they do not believe Canadian crews, particularly in fours and eights, could touch them. English professionals do not impress them so favorably."

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.
The following is the official text of the trade resolution adopted by the International Conference on motion of Hon. G. E. Foster, recommended by Sir Henry Wilson, of New South Wales.
"Whereas the stability and progress of the British Empire can be best assured by drawing continually closer the bonds that unite the colonies with the Mother Country and by the continuous growth of a practical sympathy and co-operation in all that pertains to the common welfare.
"And whereas, this co-operation and unity can in no way be more effectively promoted than by the cultivation and extension of the mutual and profitable interchange of their products;
"Therefore resolved, That this Conference records its belief in the advisability of Customs arrangements between Great Britain and her colonies by which trade within the Empire may be placed on a more favorable footing than that which is carried on with foreign countries;
"Further resolved, that for the purposes of this resolution the South African Customs Union be considered as part of the territory capable of being brought within the scope of the contemplated trade arrangements."

The division on the first resolution resulted as follows:
Yucca—Canada, Tasmania, Cape of Good Hope, South Australia, Britain—5.
Nays—New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland.
A BOON TO HORSEMEN.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavins, splints, curbs, swellings, stifles and sprains.—GEORGE ROSS, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by C. E. Carthew.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC
AND
STOMACH AND LIVER CURE
The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD
This Remedy cures Indigestion and Dyspepsia, as well as all Nervous Diseases, by acting on the Nerve Centres at the base of the brain. It has been absolutely demonstrated, that two thirds of our diseases and ailments, are due to the deranged Nerve Centres at the base of or within the brain.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE
IS A WONDERFUL CURE FOR
INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA,
Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick-Headache, Hiccough, Water Brash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful that so many complain of indigestion and weak stomachs. When the stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay, for Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

The South American Nervine
Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic stomach troubles, because it gets through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in ONE DAY, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.

WHAT MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT, KENNEDY, E. T. D. K. SAYS.
"I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit. Finally, I was recommended to try the South American Nervine. I obtained a bottle, and it worked me like magic. I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give the South American Nervine an immediate trial."

(My signature) *Ruben S. Kennedy*
July 10th, 1895.
Wilmington, Ont.

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SAYS.
PATERSON, Ontario, June 27th, 1895.
To the Proprietors of South American Nervine.
Dear Sir, I have much pleasure in recommending the great South American Nervine to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was so kindly recommended to me by my doctor. I have advised anyone to me, who I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. The South American Nervine has done for me what no other medicine could, and would recommend it to everyone. MRS. W. T. ENGLISH, State of Indiana, U.S.A.
(My signature) *Mrs. W. T. English*
Suffered on from 1891 to before me this May 19, 1895.

My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with Chronic St. Vitus's Dance. She was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk. I had taken her to several different doctors and had been very much disappointed. I was then recommended to try the South American Nervine. I obtained a bottle, and it worked me like magic. I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give the South American Nervine an immediate trial."

(My signature) *Mrs. W. T. English*
Suffered on from 1891 to before me this May 19, 1895.

CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.
PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.
C. E. CARTEW, Qu'Appelle, Wholesale and Retail Agent.
DR. HALL, Agent, Fort Qu'Appelle.
A. J. ORCHARD, Agent, Indian Head.
R. B. TAYLOR, Agent, Grenfell.

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